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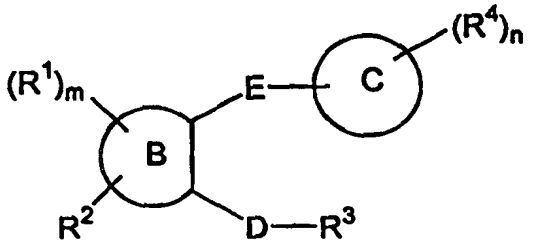
(54) Title: *ORTHO*–ANTHRANILAMIDE DERIVATIVES AS ANTI–COAGULANTS

(57) Abstract

This invention is directed to compounds of formula (III) wherein B, C, D, E, R^1, R^2 and R^3 are disclosed herein. These compounds are disclosed as being useful as anti–coagulants.



(III)

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AMENDED CLAIMS

[received by the International Bureau on 26 July 1999 (26.07.99);
Original claims 68 and 69 amended; remaining claims unchanged (8 pages)]

$-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), or heterocyclylalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$); or

both R^{16}'s together with the nitrogen to which they are attached (and wherein the R^9 substituent is not present) form an aromatic *N*-heterocyclic ring containing zero to three additional hetero atoms, where the *N*-heterocylic ring is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(O)R^5$, $-C(O)-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), and $-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6);

each R^{17} is independently hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, cyano, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, or $-R^8-C(O)-N(R^5)R^6$;

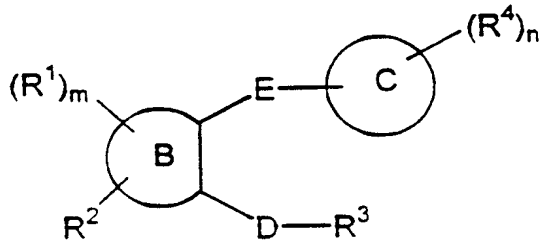
R^{18} is hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, cyano, $-C(O)OR^5$, or $-NO_2$; and

each R^{19} is cycloalkyl, haloalkyl, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), or heterocyclylalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

as a single stereoisomer or a mixture thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and

a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

68. Use of a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (III):

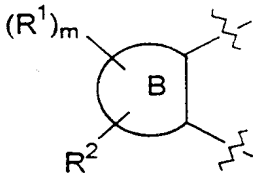


(III)

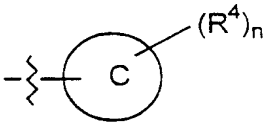
wherein

m is 1 to 3;

n is 1 to 5;



is an aryl or a heterocyclic ring substituted by R^2 and one or more R^1 groups;



is an aryl or a heterocyclic ring substituted by one or more R^4 groups;

D and E are independently a linker selected from the group consisting of $-N(R^5)-C(X)-$; $-R^8-N(R^5)-C(X)-$; $-N(R^5)-C(X)-R^8-$; $-R^8-N(R^5)-C(X)-R^8-$; $-N(R^5)-S(O)_p-$; $-R^8-N(R^5)-S(O)_p-$; $-N(R^5)-S(O)_p-R^8-$; and $-R^8-N(R^5)-S(O)_p-R^8-$ (where p is 0 to 2; X is oxygen, sulfur or H_2) where D and E can be attached to the B ring having the R^1 and R^2 substituents by either terminus of the linker;

each R^1 is independently hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, cyano, $-OR^5$, $-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(O)OR^5$, $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-O-C(O)R^5$, $-N(R^5)-CH(R^{12})-C(O)OR^5$, heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, oxo, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$) or heterocyclylalkyl (optionally substituted by alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, oxo, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

R^2 is hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, cyano, $-OR^5$, $-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(O)OR^5$, $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-R^8-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(R^7)H-R^8-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-O-R^8-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(R^7)H-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(R^7)H-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-O-R^8-CH(OH)-CH_2-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-O-R^8-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-O-R^8-O-C(O)R^5$, $-O-R^8-CH(OH)-CH_2-OR^5$, $-O-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-O-(R^8-O)_t-R^{19}$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-O-R^8-C(O)R^5$, $-O-R^8-C(O)R^{19}$, $-O-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)-R^8-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-S(O)_p-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-S(O)_p-R^8-C(O)OR^5$ (where p is 0 to 2), or $-N(R^5)-CH(R^{12})-C(O)OR^5$;

R^3 is aryl or heterocyclyl both substituted by one or more R^{14} substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, halo, formyl, acetyl, cyano, $-R^8-CN$, $-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-R^8-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-R^8-N^{\oplus}(R^9)(R^{16})_2$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-O-R^{15}$, $-S(O)_p-R^{15}$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-R^8-S(O)_p-R^{15}$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-S(O)_p-N(R^5)R^6$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-N(R^5)-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-R^8-N(R^5)-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-R^8-O-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-O-R^8-CH(OH)-CH_2-OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-O-R^8-CH(OH)-CH_2-OR^5$,

$-C(R^7)H-N(R^5)-R^8-[CH(OH)]_t-CH_2-OR^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-C(R^7)H-N(R^5)-S(O)_2-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-N(R^{10})-C(NR^{17})-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-N(R^{10})-C(NR^{17})-R^{10}$, $-C(NR^{17})-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(R^7)H-C(NR^{17})-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(R^7)H-O-N(R^5)R^6$, heterocyclyl (wherein the heterocyclyl radical is not attached to the rest of the molecule through a nitrogen atom and is optionally substituted by alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, oxo, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), and heterocyclylalkyl (wherein the heterocyclyl radical is not attached to the alkyl radical through a nitrogen ring and is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, oxo, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

each R^4 is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, cyano, nitro, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, or $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$;

each R^5 and R^6 is independently hydrogen, alkyl, aryl or aralkyl;

each R^7 is independently hydrogen or alkyl;

each R^8 is independently a straight or branched alkylene, alkylidene or alkylidyne chain;

each R^9 is independently alkyl, aryl or aralkyl;

each R^{10} and R^{11} is independently hydrogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, formyl, cyano, $-R^8-CN$, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-S(O)_p-R^{15}$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-R^8-S(O)_p-R^{15}$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-C(O)-R^{15}$, $-C(O)NH_2$, $-R^8-C(O)NH_2$, $-C(S)NH_2$, $-C(O)-S-R^5$, $-C(O)-N(R^5)R^{15}$, $-R^8-C(O)-N(R^5)R^{15}$, $-C(S)-N(R^5)R^{15}$, $-R^8-N(R^5)-C(O)H$, $-R^8-N(R^5)-C(O)R^{15}$, $-C(O)O-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(N(R^5)R^6)=C(R^{18})R^{10}$, $-R^8-N(R^5)-P(O)(OR^5)_2$, cycloalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, halo and $-OR^5$), heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, oxo, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-R^8-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), or heterocyclylalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, oxo, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-R^8-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-N(R^5)R^6$ and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

or R^{10} and R^{11} together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a *N*-heterocyclic ring containing zero to three additional hetero atoms, where the *N*-heterocylic ring is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, oxo, nitro, cyano, $-R^8-CN$, $=N(R^{17})$, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-N(R^5)-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(O)R^5$, $-C(O)-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-R^8-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), and heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl,

$-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

R^{12} is a side chain of an α-amino acid;

each R^{15} is independently alkyl, cycloalkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, $-R^8-O-C(O)-R^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), or heterocyclylalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

or R^5 and R^{15} together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a *N*-heterocyclic ring containing zero to three additional hetero atoms, where the *N*-heterocyclic ring is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, amino, monoalkylamino, dialkylamino, OR^5, $-C(O)OR^5$, aminocarbonyl, monoalkylaminocarbonyl, and dialkylaminocarbonyl;

each R^{16} is independently alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, cycloalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, halo and $-OR^5$), heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), or heterocyclylalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$); or

both R^{16}'s together with the nitrogen to which they are attached (and wherein the R^9 substituent is not present) form an aromatic *N*-heterocyclic ring containing zero to three additional hetero atoms, where the *N*-heterocylic ring is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(O)R^5$, $-C(O)-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), and $-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6);

each R^{17} is independently hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, cyano, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-C(O)-N(R^5)R^6$, or $-R^8-C(O)-N(R^5)R^6$;

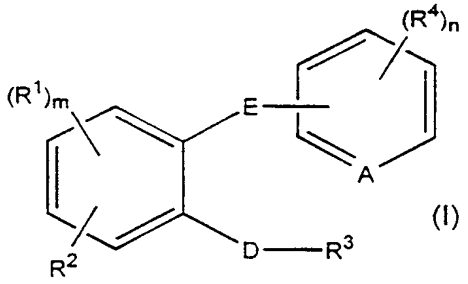
R^{18} is hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, cyano, $-C(O)OR^5$, or $-NO_2$; and

each R^{19} is cycloalkyl, haloalkyl, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), or heterocyclylalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

as a single stereoisomer or a mixture thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

for the production of a medicament for the treatment of a human having a disease-state characterized by thrombotic activity.

69. Use of Claim 68, of a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I):



(I)

A is =CH- or =N-;

m is 1 to 3;

n is 1 to 4;

D is $-N(R^5)-C(Z)-$ or $-N(R^5)-S(O)_p-$ (where p is 0 to 2; Z is oxygen, sulfur or H_2; and the nitrogen atom is directly bonded to the phenyl ring having the R^1 and R^2 substituents);

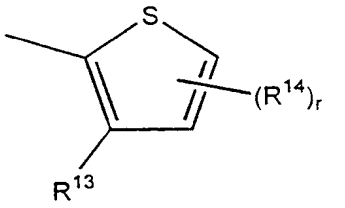
E is $-C(Z)-N(R^5)-$ or $-S(O)_p-N(R^5)-$ (where p is 0 to 2; Z is oxygen, sulfur or H_2; and the nitrogen atom can be bonded to the phenyl ring having the R^1 and the R^2 substituents or to the aromatic ring having the R^4 substituent);

each R^1 is independently hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, cyano, $-OR^5$, $-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(O)OR^5$, $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-O-C(O)R^5$, or $-N(R^5)-CH(R^{12})-C(O)OR^5$;

or two adjacent R^1's together with the carbons to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring fused to the phenyl ring wherein the heterocyclic ring is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl and aralkyl;

R^2 is hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, cyano, $-OR^5$, $-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(O)OR^5$, $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-R^8-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(R^7)H-R^8-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-O-R^8-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(R^7)H-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(R^7)H-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-O-R^8-CH(OH)-CH_2-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-O-R^8-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-O-R^8-O-C(O)R^5$, $-O-R^8-CH(OH)-CH_2-OR^5$, $-O-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-O-(R^8-O)_t-R^{19}$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-O-R^8-C(O)R^5$, $-O-R^8-C(O)R^{19}$, $-O-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)-R^8-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-S(O)_p-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-S(O)_p-R^8-C(O)OR^5$ (where p is 0 to 2), or $-N(R^5)-CH(R^{12})-C(O)OR^5$;

R^3 is a radical of formula (i):



(i)

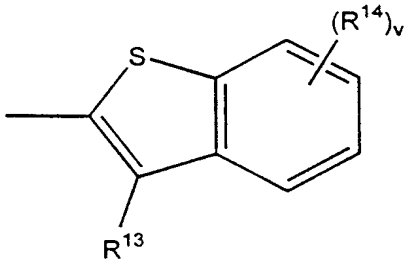
where:

r is 1 or 2;

R^{13} is hydrogen, alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(R^7)H-N(R^5)R^6$, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-S(O)_p-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$ (where p is 0 to 2) or heterocyclylalkyl (where the heterocyclic ring is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, halo, aralkyl, nitro and cyano); and

each R^{14} is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halo, formyl, acetyl, cyano, $-R^8-CN$, $-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-R^8-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-N^{\oplus}(R^9)(R^{16})_2$, $-C(R^7)H-R^8-N^{\oplus}(R^9)(R^{16})_2$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-C(O)OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-O-R^{15}$, $-S(O)_p-R^{15}$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(R^7)H-S(O)_p-R^{15}$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(R^7)H-R^8-S(O)_p-R^{15}$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-S(O)_p-N(R^5)R^6$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(R^7)H-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(R^7)H-R^8-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(R^7)H-N(R^5)-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-C(R^7)H-R^8-N(R^5)-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-C(R^7)H-O-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-C(R^7)H-R^8-O-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-O-R^8-CH(OH)-CH_2-OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-O-R^8-CH(OH)-CH_2-OR^5$, $-C(R^7)H-N(R^5)-R^8-[CH(OH)]_t-CH_2-OR^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-C(R^7)H-N(R^5)-S(O)_2-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-N(R^{10})-C(NR^{17})-N(R^{10})R^{11}$, $-C(R^7)H-N(R^{10})-C(NR^{17})-R^{10}$, $-C(NR^{17})-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(R^7)H-C(NR^{17})-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(R^7)H-O-N(R^5)R^6$, heterocyclyl (wherein the heterocyclyl radical is not attached to the radical of formula (i) through a nitrogen atom and is optionally substituted by alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, oxo, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), or heterocyclylalkyl (wherein the heterocyclyl radical is not attached to the alkyl radical through a nitrogen atom and is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, oxo, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

or R^3 is a radical of the formula (ii):



(ii)

where v is 1 to 4;

R^{13} is as defined above for formula (i); and

R^{14} is as defined above for formula (i);

each R^4 is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, cyano, nitro, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, or $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$;

R^5 and R^6 are each independently hydrogen, alkyl, aryl or aralkyl;

each R^7 is independently hydrogen or alkyl;

each R^8 is independently a straight or branched alkylene, alkylidene or alkylidyne chain;

each R^9 is independently alkyl, aryl or aralkyl;

R^{10} and R^{11} are each independently hydrogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, formyl, cyano, $-R^8-CN$, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-S(O)_p-R^{15}$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-R^8-S(O)_p-R^{15}$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-C(O)-R^{15}$, $-C(O)NH_2$, $-R^8-C(O)NH_2$, $-C(S)NH_2$, $-C(O)-S-R^5$, $-C(O)-N(R^5)R^{15}$, $-R^8-C(O)-N(R^5)R^{15}$, $-C(S)-N(R^5)R^{15}$, $-R^8-N(R^5)-C(O)H$, $-R^8-N(R^5)-C(O)R^{15}$, $-C(O)O-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(N(R^5)R^6)=C(R^{18})R^{10}$, $-R^8-N(R^5)-P(O)(OR^5)_2$, cycloalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, halo and $-OR^5$), heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, oxo, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-R^8-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), or heterocyclylalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, oxo, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-R^8-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-N(R^5)R^6$ and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

or R^{10} and R^{11} together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a *N*-heterocyclic ring containing zero to three additional hetero atoms, where the *N*-heterocylic ring is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, halo, haloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, oxo, nitro, cyano, $-R^8-CN$, $=N(R^{17})$, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, $-N(R^5)-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(O)R^5$, $-C(O)-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), $-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-R^8-S(O)_p-R^9$ (where p is 0 to 2), $-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), and heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by one or

more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

R^{12} is a side chain of an α-amino acid;

each R^{15} is independently alkyl, cycloalkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, aralkyl, $-R^8-O-C(O)-R^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), or heterocyclylalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

or R^5 and R^{15} together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a *N*-heterocyclic ring containing zero to three additional hetero atoms, where the *N*-heterocyclic ring is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, amino, monoalkylamino, dialkylamino, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, aminocarbonyl, monoalkylaminocarbonyl, and dialkylaminocarbonyl;

each R^{16} is independently alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, cycloalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, halo and $-OR^5$), heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), or heterocyclylalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$); or

both R^{16}'s together with the nitrogen to which they are attached (and wherein the R^9 substituent is not present) form an aromatic *N*-heterocyclic ring containing zero to three additional hetero atoms, where the *N*-heterocylic ring is optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-C(O)R^5$, $-C(O)-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6), and $-(R^8-O)_t-R^5$ (where t is 1 to 6);

each R^{17} is independently hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, cyano, $-OR^5$, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-C(O)-N(R^5)R^6$, or $-R^8-C(O)-N(R^5)R^6$;

R^{18} is hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, cyano, $-C(O)OR^5$, or $-NO_2$; and

each R^{19} is cycloalkyl, haloalkyl, $-R^8-OR^5$, $-R^8-N(R^5)R^6$, $-R^8-C(O)OR^5$, $-R^8-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$, heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ or $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$), or heterocyclylalkyl (optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, halo, haloalkyl, $-OR^5$, $-C(O)OR^5$, $-N(R^5)R^6$ and $-C(O)N(R^5)R^6$);

as a single stereoisomer or a mixture thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for the production of a medicament for the treatment of a human having a disease-state characterized by thrombotic activity.